

HALASZ, I.

The use of additive agents in the salting of hides. p. 129.

BOR- ES CIPOTECHNIKA. (Boripari Tudomanyos Egyesulet Mint a Magyar
Tudomanyos Egyesuletek Szovetsege Tagegesulete) Budapest, Hungary.
Vol. 9, no. 5, Oct. 1959.

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 26, no. 1/2, 1959.
Uncl.

HALASZ, T.; VAGO, Gy.

Waterproofing and its agents in the leather industry. (To be contd.) p. 55.

BOR-ES CIPOTECHNIKA. (Boripari Tudomanyos Egyesulet mint a Magyar Tudomanyos Egyesuletek Szovetseghez Tagegesülete) Budapest, Hungary, Vol. 9, No. 2, April 1959.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI) LC, Vol. 8, No. 7, July 1959.
Unclu.

HUNGARY/Physical Chemistry. Surface Phenomena. Adsorption.
Chromatography. Ion Exchange.

B

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khim., No 5, 1959, 14816.

it is assumed that q should also vary little from one adsorbent to the other. In order to verify the above deductions by the volumetric method, N_2 adsorption isotherms, at -183° and $0.004 \leq P/P_s \leq 0.25$, have been measured on 60 adsorbents of different nature (alumo gels, silica gels, activated carbons, various catalysts, etc.) with specific surfaces ranging from 13 to $1250 \text{ m}^2/\text{g}$. The q values, calculated from the C constants, in the case of not too microporous adsorbents, are equal to $820 \pm 70 \text{ cal/mole}$, and the ΔI of the N_2 adsorption practically coincide; in very finely porous adsorbents, where the superposition of the adsorption potentials of opposite wall pores takes

Card : 3/4

HUNGARY/Physical Chemistry. Surface Phenomena. Adsorption.
Chromatography. Ion Exchange.

D

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khim., No 5, 1959, 14816.

AI form is determined by the value of the C constant in the BTU equation, or in the final calculation, by the adsorption heat φ . It has been shown, by special calculations, that substantial variations of $C(q)$ in the range of $0.1 \leq P/P_s \leq 0.4$ change little the course of AI. Moreover it has been deducted that the BTU theory forecasts a practical conformity of the AI adsorption of a given vapor among various adsorbents, if the q values differ from the mean value by not more than 10%. Proceeding from the previously established (RZhKh, 1956, 50407) fact of the practical independence of differential adsorption heats of the vapor under consideration, at given P and T , from various adsorbents

Card : 2/4

HUNGARY/Physical Chemistry. Surface Phenomena. Adsorption.
D
Chromatography. Ion Exchange.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khim., No 5, 1959, 14816.

Author : Malasz I., Schay G.

Inst :

Title : On the Problem of the Coincidence of Adsorption
Isotherms in Absolute Representation.

Orig Pub: Acta chim. Acad. scient. hung., 1958, No 3-4, 315-324.

Abstract: The prerequisites and experimental verifications of
the BTU theory have been reanalyzed. It has been
demonstrated that, from the BTU equation of adsorp-
tion isotherms, represented in the form of an equa-
tion of absolute isotherms (AI; adsorption is referred
to as an adsorption surface unit), it follows that the

Card : 1/4

HALASZ, Istvan

HUNGARY/Physical Chemistry - Surface Phenomena, Adsorption, Chromatography, Ion Interchange. B-13

Abs Jour: Referat. Zhurnal Khimiya, No 2, 1958, 4005.

Author : Geza Schay, Pal Fejes, Istvan Halasz, Janos Kiraly.

Inst :
Title : Determination of Adsorption Isotherms by Gas Chromatographic Method.

Orig Pub: Magyar kem. folyoirat, 1957, 63, No 4-5, 143-149.

Abstract: The isotherms of CO₂ adsorption on activated carbon at 20 to 60° were taken down by the earlier described (RZh-Khim, 1955, 51625) dynamic gas-chromatographic method. The comparison of the isotherms obtained by this method with data obtained by the volumetric method shows that the results are practically identic, if physical adsorption was in question and chromatography was carried out at a low speed. Thus, the possibility of determining equi-

-13-

Card : 1/2

HUNGARY / Physical Chemistry. Surface Phenomena. Adsorption. Chromatography. Ion Exchange.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 17, 1958, 56900.

Author : Schay G., Halasz I., Nagy F., Szekely, Gy.,
Szoenyi S.

* Inst : Not given.
Title : Investigations Into the Field of Physical Adsorption.

Orig Pub: Acta chim. acad. sci. Hung., 1957, 13, No 1 - 2,
181 - 200.

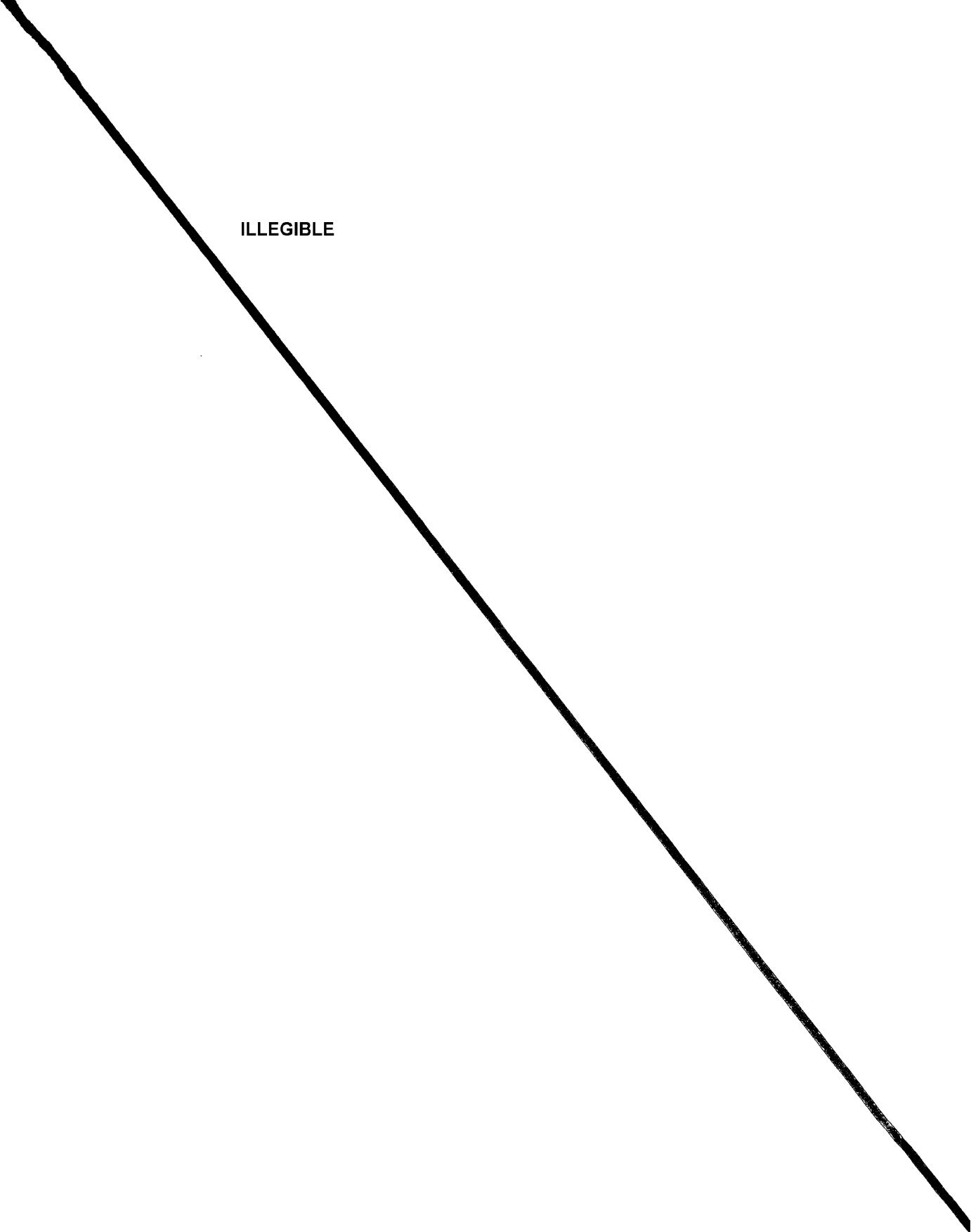
Abstract: Summary of research work conducted in 1949-1957
at the Budapest Poly Technical University and
Hungarian Academy of Sciences by Schay and his
collaborators in the field of the physical adsorption
of gases and vapors on solid adsorbents. (RZhKh, 1955, 21625; 1956, 50407; 1958,
56903).

Card 1/1

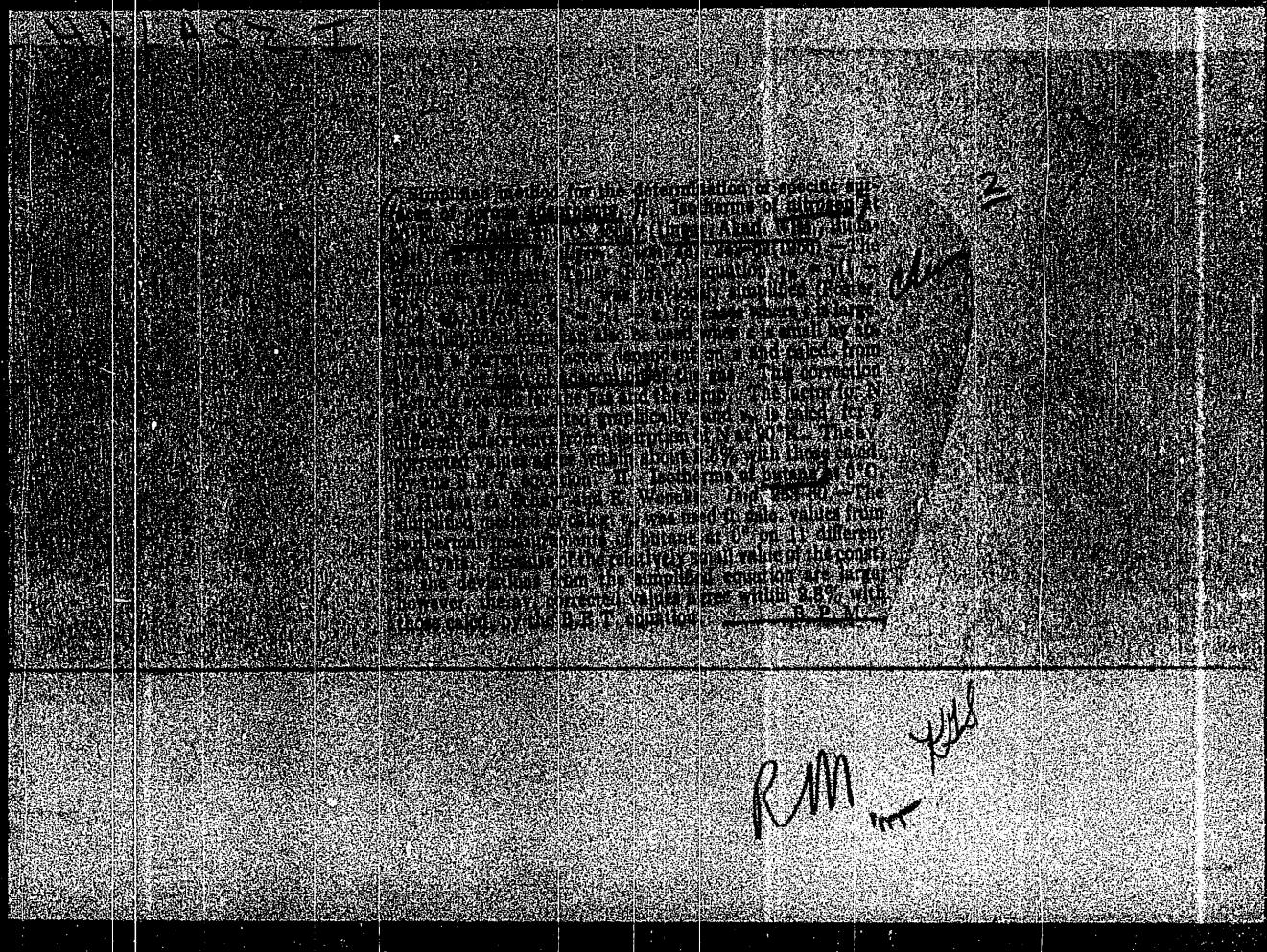
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HALASZ, I.

HALASZ, I. Inferences from the analogy between adsorption and condensation of vapors. In English. p. 1b3.

Vol. 8, no. 1/3, 1955
ACTA CHIMICA
SCIENCE
Budapest, Hungary

See: East European Accessions, Vol. 5, no. 5, May 1956

Category : HUNGARY/Atomic and Molecular Physics - Statistical physics. Thermodynamics D-3

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Fizika, No 1, 1957, No 824

Author : Halasz, Istvan; Schay, Geza; Szonyi, Endre

Title : Conclusions Drawn from the Analogy of Adsorption and Condensation of Vapors

Orig Pub : Magyar tud. akad. kem. tud. oszt. kozl., 1955, 6, No 3-4, 315-326

Abstract : No abstract

Card : 1/1

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HALASZ, ISTVAN

"Principikon; populare Elektrotechnik, durch Drehbilder veranschaulicht" p.54

Budapest, Hungary Terra, 1958

Monthly List of East European Accessions (EAA) 1C, Vol. 8, No. 6, June 1959
Unci.

HALASZ, IVAN

CZIER BEIA, dr.; HAIASZ IVAN, dr.

Abortive case of Crouzon's cranio-facial dysostosis. Ful orr gegeyogy.
no.2:90-93 July 57.

1. Miskolc Varosi Korhaz Orr-ful-gegeszeti osztalyanak (foorvos:
Czier Bela dr.) es Rontgen osztalyanak (foorvos: Halasz Ivan dr.)
(HYPERTELORISM, case reports
abortive case (Hun))

HALASZ, Ivan, dr.

Bone damage caused by excessive stress in three cases with different underlying pathology. Magy. radiol. 7 no.4:241-245 Oct 55.

1. Miskolc Varosi Tanacs Korhaza, Diosgyor-Vasgyar (Igazgato: Foldesi, Jozsef dr. foorvos). Rontgenosztalyanak (foorvos: Halasz, Ivan dr.) kozlemenye.
(FRACTURES, etiology and pathogenesis
excessive mechanical stress in 3 cases with different underlying pathol.)

HUNGARY

HALASZ, Imre, Dr, ZAPPE, Lajos, Dr; Pulmonary Hospital of Szolnok
Megye (Szolnok Megyei Tudokorhaz), (director: PERENYI, Gyorgy, Dr)
and the National Neurosurgical Scientific Institute (Orszagos Ideg-
sebeszeti Tudomanyos Intezet) (director: ZOLTAN, Laszlo, Dr).

"Local Application of Streptomycin in the Treatment of Pain Syndromes."

Budapest, Idegyoraszati Szemle, Vol XIV, No 5, May 63, pp 145-151.

Abstract: [Authors' German summary] During local treatment of laryngeal tuberculosis, the authors observed a local analgesic effect of streptomycin. Based on this observation, streptomycin was regularly used after tooth extraction and in the treatment of neuralgic pains. The clinical data on 24 cases of trigeminus neuralgia and one case of glossopharyngeus neuralgia are discussed. The observations indicate that the analgesic effect of streptomycin is based on functional blockade of the pain conducting nerve paths. No references.

1/1

HALASZ, Imre, dr.; MAJOR, Sandor, dr.

Focal treatment of lung suppuration. Orv. hetil. 95 no.37:1020-
1025 12 Sept 54.

1. A szolnoki Megyei Tudobeteggyogyintezet (igazgato: dr. Perenyi
Gyorgy) kozlemenye.
(LUNGS, dis.
suppurative, focal ther.)

HALASZ, I. MRE

HALASZ, I.

New instrument for treatment of pulmonary abscess. Magy. sebeszet
3:2, 1950. p. 173-6

1. State Lung Diseases Sanatorium, Szolnok (Director--Dr. Gyorgy
Perenyi).

CML 19, 5, Nov., 1950

HALASZ, Ilona, Dr.; HALMOS, Tamas, Dr.

Clinically diagnosed cardiac metastasis causing ventricular tachycardia.
Orv. hetil. 99 no.6:208-212 9 Feb 58.

1. A Janos Korhaz rendelointezet (igazgato: Bakacs Tibor dr.) I. sz.
Belosztalyanak (foorvos: Koranyi Andras dr.) kozlemenye.
(HEART, neoplasms
metastatic, causing ventric. tachycardia, case report (Hum))
(TACHYCARDIA, etiol. & pathogen.
metastatic cardiac tumor causing ventric. tachycardia, case
report (Hum))

| | | | |
|-----------|---|--|-----|
| COUNTRY | : | Hungary | 6-6 |
| CATEGORY | : | Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their Applications--Safety and Sanitation. | |
| ADS, JCRN | : | RZKhIm, No. 5, 1960, No. 17 | |
| AUTHOR | : | Dalosz, I. | |
| TEXT | : | Not given | |
| TITLE | : | The Purification of Materials Contaminated by Radioactive Isotopes | |
| ADS, PUB. | : | Masnyar Textiltechn., Lc., No. 6, 1960 (1961) | |
| ABSTRACT | : | Formulations are given for a number of detergents used in the purification of materials contaminated by radioactive isotopes. Methods for their application are discussed together with their relative effectiveness. The bibliography lists 5 titles. | |
| | | T. Przebylska | |

HALASZ, I.

Washing materials marked by radioactive isotopes. p. 239.

MAGYAR TEXTILTECHNIKA. (Textilipari Muszaki es Tudomanyos Egyesulet)
Budapest, Hungary, Vol. 11, no. 6, June 1959.

Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAI), LC, Vol. 8, No. 8,
August 1959.
Uncl a.

HALASZ, I.

Measuring box calf with the Pulfrich photometer. p. 1. (Bor-Es Cipotechnika,
Budapest, Vol. 5, no. 1, Feb 1955)

30: Monthly list of East European Accessions (EEAL), LC Vol 4, no. 6, June 1955 Unclassified

KOROSI, Andor, dr.; NAGY, Gabor, dr.; HALASZ, Gyorgy, dr.

Data on the problem of hemoptysis. Tuberkulozis 16 no.2:49-52 p 163.

1. BM Szamuely Tibor Tbc Gyogyintezet (igazgato: Korosi Andor dr.
az orvostudomanyok kandidatusa) kozlemenye.

(HEMOPTYSIS) (TUBERCULOSIS, PULMONARY) (LUNG NEOPLASMS)
(BRONCHITIS) (VASCULAR DISEASES) (PNEUMONIA)
(LUNG DISEASES) (DIAGNOSIS, DIFFERENTIAL)

KOROSI, Andor, dr.; HALASZ, Gyorgy, dr.

2 cases of acute mediastinitis complicating bronchoscopy. Tuberkulozis
14 no.1:15-17 Ja '61.

1. BM. Szamuely Tibor TBC Gyogyintezet Budapest (korhazparancsnok:
Korosi Andor dr. igazgato-foorvos) kozlemenye.

(MEDIASTINITIS etiol) (BRONCHOSCOPY compl)

HALASZ, Gyorgy, Dr.

Relations between the clinical courses of bronchial stenosis and pulmonary tuberculosis. Tuberkulozis 10 no.10-12:286-288 Oct-Dec 57.

1. Szamuely Tibor Tbc. Gyogyintezet kozlemenye.

(BRONCHI, stenosis

complicating pulm. tuberc., relation to clin. course of
tuberc. (Hun))

(TUBERCULOSIS, PULMONARY, compl.

bronchial stenosis, relation to clin. course of tuberc. (Hun))

BOLLOBAS, Bela; MEGYESI, Laszlo; MORICZ, Ferenc; BOROCZKY, Karoly;
MAKKAI, Mihaly; MALYUSZ, Karoly; SIMON, Laszlo; TUSNADY, Gabor;
MAKKAI, Mihaly; SZOKFALVI-NAGY, Bela; ACZEL, Janos; HOSSZU-MIKLOS;
HALASZ, Gabor; KALMAR, Agota; KATAI, Imre; LOSONCZI, Laszlo;
SZASZ, Domokos

The 1961 Mathematical Contest in Memory of Miklos Schweitzer.
Mat lapok 13 no.1/2:153-171 '62.

1. "Matematikai Lapok" szerkeszto bizottsagi tagja (for Aczel).

HALASZ, F.

A good forage, a quality breed of cows, more milk! p. 15. (Magyar Mezogazdasag, Vol. II,
no. 4, Feb. 1956 Budapest)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accession (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 7, July 1957. Uncl.

HALASZ, Elod, egyetemi tanar

"Lenau" by Jozsef Turoczi-Trostler. Reviewed by Elod Halasz.
Magy tud 69 no.2:121-124 F '62.

1. Szegedi Tudomanyegyetem.

HALASZ, Edit

Some questions of university training of telecommunication engineers.
Hir techn 15 no.7:206-209 Jl '64.

1. Chair of Wire Telecommunication Engineering, Budapest Technical University.

HALASZ, D.

2
0
0

Hungarian Technical Abst.
Vol. 6 No. 1
1954

621.365.018.4 : 621.375.845
25. On the limiting vacuum — A határvakuumusáról
Halász (Hungarian Power Economy — Magyar Energia-
gazdaság — Vol. 6, 1953, No. 1, pp. 16—20, 2 figs.)

In steam turbines a reduction of the temperature of the cooling water entails a decrease in condensator pressure and an increase of thermal efficiency and of output. This however is only valid up to a "limiting vacuum". Having deduced its analytical formula and controlled the latter by experiments it was found that the limiting vacuum appeared at a time when the axial velocity of the last rotor element is V_1 -fold the velocity of the flowing steam (η = efficiency of the process). The turbine output decreases from the stage of attaining the limiting vacuum to that of attaining sound velocity; a further increase of the vacuum has no bearing upon it. The effect on economicalness is negligible. Under certain circumstances e. g. in the event of (a) an exhaust hood with a good diffusor efficiency, (b) turbines built for low (0.06—0.08 at abs) pressure and using cold ($t=2^{\circ}\text{C}$) cooling water, and (c) high turbine loads, the transgression of the limiting vacuum may cause damages in the condenser. The occurrence of limiting vacuum can easily be eliminated by reducing the quantity of cooling water or the pressure of admitted steam. R. E.

8/26/54 LM

HALASZ, D., Dr. of Techn. Sc.; SZENDY, K. Dr. of Techn. Sc.

Losses caused by the Hall effect and their influence on the efficiency of the thermal cycle in MHD generators. Acta techn Hung 49 no.3/4:373-385 '64.

1. Power Station Engineering Institute, Budapest.

HALASZ, D., Doctor of Technical Sciences; SZENDY, K. Doctor of Technical Sciences

The medium-power thermionic generator. Acta techn Hung 48 no. 1/2:125-142 '64.

1. Office for Power Station Design, Budapest.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/23/11: CIA-RDP86-00513R000617800021-6

HALASZ, D., Doktor der Technischen Wissenschaften (Budapest)

The high-efficiency thermal machine. Acta techn Hung 27 no.1-2:
103-125 '59 (EXAI 9:3)
(Heat)

L 15504-66

ACC NR: AT6007450

adrenals, corticosterone content of adrenal venous blood, histological structure of the thyroid, value of the T/S ratio, reaction to thiouracil, histological structure of the ovary and its compensatory hypertrophy, as well as the sequence of events in the vaginal cycle. The experimental results have shown that the isolated hypophysiotrophic area is able to maintain trophic function, especially the thyrotrophic and adrenocorticotropic functions, of the adenohypophysis. [JPRS]

SUB CODE: 06 / SUBM DATE: none

Card 2/2

L 15504-66

ACC NR: AT6007450

SOURCE CODE: HU/2505/65/026/00X/0050/0051
19

AUTHOR: Halasz, B.; Pupp, L.

ORG: Medical University of Pecs, Institute of Anatomy (Pecsi Orvostudomanyi Egyesum, Anatomiai Intezet) B+1

TITLE: Hypophysictrophic area and adenohypophyseal function /This paper was presented at the 29th Meeting of the Hungarian Physiological Society held in Szeged from 2 to 4 July 1964/

SOURCE: Academia scientiarum hungaricae. Acta physiologica, v. 26, Supplement, 1965, 50-51

TOPIC TAGS: ⁵⁵ endocrinology, rat, histology, hormone, vitamin, thyroid gland

ABSTRACT: Implanted into the basal medial part of the hypothalamus of hypophsectomized rats, the adenohypophyseal tissue retains its normal histological structure, and its adrenocorticotropic, gonadotropic and thyrotropic activity. That hypothalamic area was, therefore, termed "hypophysictrophic area." In the present study, this area was isolated and the functional capacity of the adenohypophysis connected with the isolated hypophysictrophic area was tested by examination of the lipid pattern, compensatory hypertrophy and ascorbic acid depletion of the

Card 1/2

HIGHLIGHT

Budapest, Acta Physiologica Academiae Scientiarum Hungaricae, Vol XXIII, No 3, 1963, pages 287-291.

Anterior pituitary grafts under the renal capsule or in non-hypothalamic parts of the brain of hypophysectomized animals contained no eosinophils as a consequence of the highly inactive thyroid, but these cells reappeared after thyroxine treatment. In implants localized in the hypophysio-tropic area of the hypothalamus, eosinophils occurred only if the histological structure of the thyroid was normal. It was concluded that the nerve cells of the hypophysio-tropic area of the hypothalamus produce a substance which plays an important role in the maintenance of growth hormone secretion. 1 Hungarian, 20 Western references.

HUNGARY

HALASZ, Bela, PUPP, Lajos, UHLAREK, Sandor, TEMA, Lajos; Department of Anatomy, Medical University, Pecs (Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Anatomiai Intezete, Pecs).

"Growth of Hypophysectomized Rats Having Pituitary Transplants in the Hypothalamus."

Budapest, Acta Physiologica Academiae Scientiarum Hungaricæ, Vol XXIII, No 3, 1963, pages 287-292.

Abstract: [English article; Authors' English summary] Growth of hypophysectomized young rats with an anterior pituitary implant in the hypothalamus, in non-hypothalamic regions of the brain or under the renal capsule have been studied. Significant gain of body weight occurred exclusively if the implant was located in the hypophysio-tropic area of the hypothalamus. Implants outside this area, in whatever other location, caused a weight-gain that was only slightly above that of the hypophysectomized controls and could not be influenced in a significant degree by additional administration of thyroxine. The presence of acidophilic cells in pituitary grafts depended entirely on the state of the thyroid

1/2

HALASZ, B.; PUPP, L.; UHLARIK, S.

Changes in the pituitary-target gland system following electrolytic lesion of median eminence and hypophyseal stalk in male rats. Acta morph. acad. sci. hung. 12 no.1:23-31 '63.

1. Department of Anatomy, University Medical School, Pecs, (Director:
Prof. J. Szentagothai).
(HYPOTHALAMUS) (PITUITARY GLAND) (GONADS)
(THYROID GLAND) (ADRENAL GLANDS) (PHYSIOLOGY)

HALASZ B
EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 3 Vol 13/5 Endocrinology May 59

113. CHRONOLOGICAL DEVELOPMENT OF THE CHANGES IN CELL
NUCLEAR VOLUME IN THE ADRENAL CORTEX - Der zeitliche Ablauf
von Veränderungen des Kernvolumens in der Nebennierenrinde - Halasz B,
Inst. für Anat., Med. Univ., Pécs - ACTA MORPH. ACAD. SCI. HUNG. 1958,
8/2 (193-198) Graphs 2

The changes taking place in rat adrenal cortex in response to DOCA and ACTH were studied by statistical evaluation of nuclear size. With DOCA, nuclear volume changed in the glomerular zone (G) only. During the first 3 days it decreased, then increased up to the 8th-9th day, to decrease again subsequently. Nuclear volume in the fasciculate zone (F) was not affected by 20 days treatment with DOCA. To treatment with ACTH, G and F responded in a similar manner, the latter zone more markedly and more lastingly. After an initial transitory swelling of the nuclei in F only, shrinkage in both zones followed, which in F passed over into swelling of the nucleus on the 3rd day and in G on the 5th day. The swelling persisted longer in F. Factors which may play a role in the development of nuclear size variations are briefly discussed.

(1, 3)

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Halašz, B.

Reaction on the adrenal cortex of cortisone treatment
after hypothalamic lesion. B. Halasz (Med. Univ., Pécs),
Acta Morphol. Acad. Sci. Hung. 6, 119-27 (1955) (in Ger.) MD

—A bilateral hypothalamic lesion is introduced in 4-months old albino rats. Some of these animals are treated with cortisone after 10 days for 13 days. Control and treated animals are sacrificed on the 24th day, adrenals and hypophysis, weighed, and together with the hypothalamus region examined histologically. In both normal and treated animals cortisone gives rise to atrophy which in the adrenal gland manifests itself with a decrease of wt., and in the adrenal cortex (zona fasciculata) with diminution of nuclear size. On the other hand, while the lipides stored in the zona fasciculata and zona reticularis of the adrenal cortex disappear completely upon cortisone treatment in the normal animal, this disappearance of lipides is inhibited in animals with the posterior tuber cinereum nuclei destroyed. There seems to be a hypothalamic factor asserting itself on the inhibitory action exerted by cortical hormones upon the adrenocorticotropic activity of the anterior lobe of the hypophysis. Apparently only the distribution of lipides is influenced by this factor. Suzanne Loehl

HALASZ, B.; SZOLLOSSY, L.

Effect of peripheral denervation on hypothalamic nuclear enlargement of
the zona fasciculata of the adrenal cortex. Acta morph. hung. 3 no.1:
1-9 1953. (CIML 24:4)

1. Of the Institute of Anatomy and Histo-Embryology (Head --Prof. J.
Szentagothai, M.D.) of Pecs University.

860 CONTD

was followed by an increase in nuclear volume on the intact side and a decrease on the denervated side. A similar effect was obtained by administration of ACTH after unilateral denervation. The conclusion is, therefore, reached that lesions of the tuber cinereum lead to a prolonged increase in the production of ACTH; the corticotrophic effect of this, however, presupposes a normally innervated adrenal cortex.

Fassbender - Mainz (V, 3)

Excerpta Medica 8/5 Sec 3 May 54 Endocrinology

800. HALÁSZ B. and SZÖLÖSSY L. Inst. für Anat., Histol., Embryol., med. Univ.,
Pecs. Einfluss peripherischer Denervation auf den hypothalamischen Kern-
vergrösserungseffekt der Zona Fasciculata der Nebennierenrinde. The ef-
fect of peripheral denervation on the hypothalamic nucle-
ar enlargement effect in the fascicular zone of the adre-
nal cortex ACTA MORPHOL. ACAD. SCIENT. HUNGAR. 1952, 3/1 (1-9)
Graphs 5 Tables 2

Variation-statistical methods were used in investigations on the nuclear volume in
the fascicular zone of the adrenal cortex in rats. When the preganglionic and sen-
sory nerves of an adrenal gland were interrupted, a lesion of the tuber cinereum

HALASZ, B.

"History of the Evolution of the horse", p. 153 (K.E.) A scientific discussion meeting on subsoil fertilization: experiments on a large scale will start in 1953. (TERMESETTES TECHNIKA, Vol. 112, no. 3, Mar. 1953, Budapest.)

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions, Vol. 2, #6, Library of Congress
Aug. 1953, Uncl.

HALASZ, B.

"Fundamental points of view in establishing pedigrees for pure-blooded horses" p. 155
(AGRARTUDOMANY, Vol. 5, No. 5, May 1953 Budapest, Hungary)

SO: Monthly List of East European Acquisitions, L.C., Vol. 2, No. 7, July 1953, Uncl.

HALASZ, Aurel

Control elements in chemical industry. Magy kem lap 19 no.6:315-319
Je '64.

1. Chemical Industry University, Veszprem.

HALASZ, Aurel, egyetemi docens

Selection of control valves. Meres automat 10 no. 8:260-263
'62.

1. Veszpremi Vegyipari Egyetem.

FAY, Laszlo; HALASZ, Aurel

Determination of valve profiles with given characteristic
curves by analytical method. Veszprem vegyip egy kozl 5
no.2:131-137 '61

1. Veszpremi Vagyipari Egyetem Geptan Tanszek.

HALASZ, Aurel

Designing control valve-plug profiles. Veszprem vegyip egy
kozl 5 no.2: 125-129 "61

1. Veszpremi Vagyipari Egyetem Geptan Tanszek.

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21. 2007 (pp. 6)

Pittman, Montgomery, Alabama, United States

1. Pleasant Hill, Louisiana, United States

HALASZ, Aurel

Hydraulic investigation of control valves. Veszprem vegyip
egy kozl 3 no.1/4:239-241 '59

1. Veszpremi Vagyiipari Egyetem Geptan Tanszek.

HALASZ, Anna; JUHASZ, Etelka

Activity changes of mavin affected by heat and irradiation.
Etelem ipar 17 nevű 180 oldal My - füzet.

I. Budapesti Műszaki Egyetem Földgázelosztású Tanárképe

GAGYI PALFFY, Andras, dr., okleveles banyamernok, a műszaki tudományok kandidátusa; PALFY, Gabor, okleveles banyamernok; HALASZ, Andras, dr., okleveles banyamernok, a műszaki tudományok kandidátusa

Dressing of the Rudabanya sparry iron ores and recovery of their barite and copper contents. Bány lap 96 no.8:505-514 Ag '63.

1. Nehezipari Miniszterium Erc- és Ásványbányászati Főosztály, Budapest; "Bányászati Lapok" szerkesztő bizottsági tagja (for Gagyi Palffy).
2. Vásercdusitomu, Rudabanya (for Palfy).
3. Bányászati Kutató Intézet, Budapest (for Halasz).

HALASZ, Andras, dr., Dipl. Bergingenieur, Kossuthpreistrage, Kandidat der
techn. Wiss.; TOTH, Gabor, Dipl. Bergingenieur

Selective flotation tests of ores with low copper content from the
ore deposit margin at Recsk. Izvestiia Bany KI no.5:183-187 '61.

HALASZ, Andras; JANOSI , Antal

Gallium recovery from coals. Veszprem Vegyip egy kozl 5 no.3:
273-279. '61

1. Veszpremi Vegyipari Egyetem Analitikai-kemia Tanszek.

HALASZ, Andras; JANOSI, Antal; VILLANYI, Katalin

Rapid determination of aluminum and magnesium content of electron metal. Veszprem vegyip egy kozl 5 no.2:151-158 '61

1. Veszpremi Vagyipari Egyetem Analitikai Kemia Tanszék.

HALASZ, Andras, okleveles banyamernok, Kossuth-dijas, a műszaki tudományok kandidátusa; TOTH, Gabor, okleveles banyamernok

Flotation enriching tests on cyclone concentrates in Urkut.
Bany lap 93 no.4:248-253 Ap '60.

1. Banyaszati Kutato Intezet, Budapest.

HALASZ, Andras; JANOSI, Antal; LABDY, Kalman

Synthesis, dehydration and variations of iodic acid. Veszprem
vegyip egy kozl 4 no.2:159-167 '60

1. Veszpremi Vegyipari Egyetem Analitikai Kemial Tanszek.

HALASZ, Andras; JANOSI, Antal

Synthesis of analytically pure periodic acid. Veszprem vegyip
egy kozl 4 no.2:141-149 '60

Method for preparing analytically pure perchloric acid.
Ibid.:151-158

1. Veszpremi Vegyipari Egyetem Analitikai Kemial Tanszek.

STRAUB, Gyula; HALASZ, Andras; BIRO, Jozsef

Application of fluorones in analytic chemistry. Pt.4. Veszprem
vegyip egy kozl 4 no.2:123-132 '60

1. Veszpremi Vegyipari Egyetem Analitikai Kendei Tanszék.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/23/11: CIA-RDP86-00513R000617800021-6

HALASZ, Andras, engineer, Kossuth-prize winner, Candidate of technical sciences

Laboratory experiments for dressing a sulfide-oxide lead ore.
Izvestiia Bany KI no.3/4:140-143 '59/60.

HALASZ, Andras, mining engineer, Kossuth-prize winner, candidate of technical sciences

Investigations in the field of extracting feldspar and its substitutes from Hungary's granitoid rocks. Izvestiia Bony KI no.3/4:49-52 '59/60.

HALASZ, A.

Enrichment of pyrite ores of low sulfurous content by means of hydro-cyclonic and flotation processes. p. 107.

(Banyaszati Lapok, Vol. 12, no. 2, February 1957. Hungary)
Budapest

SO: Monthly List of East European Accessions (EEAL) LC, Vol. 6, no. 9, Sept. 1957. Uncl.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/23/11: CIA-RDP86-00513R000617800021-6

HALASZ, A.

3

✓ 279. PHOTOGRAFIC STUDY OF CORE CHAIN AND CORDILLER OF HIMALAYA MOUNTAINS,
PARTIAL, BY DR. S. HALASZ, P. T. SHAW, D. T. WORMELL, R. J. M. THOMAS, T. H. T. T. T. T.,
April 1, 1956, Vol. 15, No. 3 (1956). (Title in Camb. Alman., 1957, Vol. 51, 10386).

HILLASZ, A.

4
The preceding information derived by the combined
International Relations Institute, A. Hillasz, Board
of Geosciences, United Nations Economic Proceedings of the
International Institute for Mining, Vol. I, 1960, No. 1, pp
137-153, given below:

The elongation of 4 miles where bore range
indicates a conjugate pair of an imbricate zone
well apart from each other. While one from this rock after crushing
is elongated and oriented along the imbrication zone
but the other is transverse. This indicates they form mineral deposit 5
products of elongation and dislocation well on the surface
of the rock. The elongation is due to the fact that the clay
mineral content can be worn off collectively for the
minerals to move and to form a new mineral deposit.
This is due to the fact that the clay minerals are
conducive to the formation of a new mineral deposit.
The elongation is due to the fact that the clay
minerals are conducive to the formation of a new mineral deposit.
The elongation is due to the fact that the clay
minerals are conducive to the formation of a new mineral deposit.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/23/11: CIA-RDP86-00513R000617800021-6

102 KSC-77-0143

Area 3: Development of New Type of Hydraulic Separation
Oilfield
Development Department (Hungarian) (Hungarian)
Report No. 117-1973
Design Bureau of Hungarian Liquefied Gas
Plant, Budapest
Hungarian
Commissioned with dolomite and granite oil for the
development of new type of hydraulic separation. Experimental in-
strument, laboratory experiments, evaluation of results
Photograph, plan, design

11. Experiments on ore dressing with the pyritic
schistose of the Matra Mountains - Milagro
River, Chile (translated from the Russian in Mineralogical and
General Geology, No. 9 (1971), 1974, No. 1, pp. 73-77, 1 tab.)

The pyritization of the induration of Cerro Hill
is connected with the propyritization of the rock and is
older than the ore bodies of hydrothermal origin at
Cerro. In respect to bedding they can be divided into
two units and roof tuff, the dividing line of which is
formed by blue haloes which constitute the covering shell
of the ore bodies. As a consequence of the hydrothermal
process the original whiteness of the floor tuff has under-
gone a secondary metamorphism while the paragenesis
of the roof tuff remained unchanged. After preliminary
desliming executed by a hydrocyclone both varieties of the
tuff can be easily dressed by flotation in acid or basic
slimes. In case of flotation in basic slimes the slightly
oxidized surfaces of the pyrite were sulfidized by Na₂S.
The quality of the pyrite concentrates is suitable for the
manufacture of sulfuric acid but the yield is rather low.
Flotation in acid slimes produces a better yield than in
basic slimes.

HUNGARY/Chemical Technology. Chemical Products and Their
Application - Silicates. Glass. Ceramics. Binders.

Abs Jour : Referat Zhur - Khimiya, No 4, 1957, 12511

Author : Halasz Andras

Title : Concentration by Means of a Hydrocyclone of Quartz Sand
Containing Clayey Admixtures

Orig Pub : A sarisapi kaolikotesu krarchomokok hidrociklonos isza-
polasa. Epitoanyag, 1954, 6, No 12, 429-439 (Hungarian)

Abstract : Description of a method of concentrating quartz sand by
means of a hydrocyclone without the use of coagulants
and dispersing agents.

HALASZ, A.

Hydrocyclonic sluicing of kaolin-bound quartz sand from Marisap. p. 42^d.
Vol 6, no. 12, Dec. 1954. EPITOANYAG. Budapest, Hungary.

See: Eastern European Accession. Vol 5, no. 4, April 1956

HUNG J.

6. Hydraulic back filling with loess - *Lodded soil*
Aeromarine materials - T. Müller and L. Dörmeyer
(Hungarian Journal of Mining and Metallurgy, Szeged, Lopak -
Vol. 8 (80), 1959, No. 16, pp. 47-48, 1 fig.)

The most important requirement that back filling material's compactability is that the consolidate in a day or two to such an extent that working may be resumed above or below it such a material is sand. Near many mines, however, only loess may be found in large quantities research was conducted for the purpose of making it suitable for back filling. These factors had to be determined which influence the compactness of the sediment. It was established that by eliminating to a certain extent grains in the loess smaller than 20 microns a back filling material could be obtained which consolidates within 48 hours. Experiments were carried out with loess from Tokaj. It was found that after removing the clay particles in a hydrocyclone its adequateness for back filling corresponded to that of sand from Tokaj. The size of water and power requirements and the anticipated costs were determined.

A. HALASZ

Hungarian Technical Abst.
Vol. 6 No. 1
1954

92. Improving the quality of Petény fireclays
petényi tűzlisbányai nemzetisé — A. Halász and L. Demeter. (Building Materials — Építőanyag Vol. 5, 1953, No. 3, pp. 95—101, 7 figs., 1 tab.)

The basis for improving fireclays from Petény is the separation of fine and rough fractions. Improved clay is obtained from the fine fraction (grain size not exceeding 20 microns), rough fraction yields the undesirable barren part which contains mostly quartz and some pyrites. By using a hydrocyclone the fireclay, originally fusing at cones 27—30, could be improved to fuse at the required 32—33. The hydrocyclone used in the experiments has a diameter of 100 mm and its capacity, depending upon the pump pressure applied, is 7 to 8 cu m of slurry per hour. This means that the equipment treats more than one tonne of solids per hour. While the suspension obtained by means of the hydrocyclone is adequate for ceramics, the fireclay industry requires dry clay. The moisture content of improved clays can be reduced as follows; to 5% by sedimentation and seepage, to 20% by drying in the sun and to 5—10% by drying the loosely stacked pieces in the open.

D. V.

HALASZ, A.

2. Sampling and yield calculation of ore mines—Ercbanyak megmintaasa és Gyártásának módszertana—by A. Halasz. (Hungarian Journal of Mining—Bányászati Lapok, Vol. VI (LXXIV), No. 5, pp. 245-250, May 1951, 2 figs.)

Data on ore distribution are entered on mine maps based on the analyses of ore samples taken at regular intervals, from which the average yield of the bodies can be calculated. The study deals in detail with the question of sampling, gives practical advices on the preparation of samples for analysis and describes—supported by a sketch—the device which is used at present. A diagram gives the critical metal content of the various metals by corresponding lines and shows the yield of non-ferrous metals graphically added. Besides a generally valid formula for the calculation of the average yield, a simplified form of this formula is also given for the particular case that the sampling is performed in layer and gangue deposits at equal distances. A still more simplified form is given for ore stocks. From the formula for the determination of the probable mean error it may be seen that this error depends, on the one hand, on the homogeneity of the ore body, and, on the other, on the number of samples taken. In conclusion it is pointed out that the prerequisite for an efficient and economical output and for reducing the risk in ore mining is an accurate mine map on mineralisation and metal contents.

*NW
Df*

HALASZ, Andras, mk., alez.

Artificial satellites in the service of telecommunication
technology. II. Radiotekhnika 12 no.4:122 Ap '62.

HALASZ, Andras, mk.alezredes

Artificial satellites in the service of telecommunication
technique.II. Radiotekhnika 12 no.3:84-85 Mr '62.

FARKAS, Bela; HOLCZHAUSER, Albert; FUREDI, Pal; SZEPESI, Endre, Dr.;
SZABADY, Jeno; SZEPESSY, Sandor; HALASZ, Antal; BALLAI, Laszlo;
SZEKELY, Istvan; KOHUT, Matyas

Remarks on the article "Problems of technical development for the heavy industry on the basis of the requirements of industrial branches which use its products." Villamossag 9 no.1/3:53-61 Ja-Mr '61.

1. A Klement Gottwald Villamossagi Gyar fomernooke (for Farkas). 2. A TRANSZVILL Transzformator es Villamoskeszulekgyar fomernooke (for Holczhauser). 3. VERTESZ Villamoseromu Tervezo es Szerelo Vallalat (for Furedi). 4. Hoenergiagazdasagi es Tervezo Vallalat (for Szepesi). 5. Klement Gottwald Villamossagi Gyar (for Szabady and Szekely). 6. Csepeli Transzformatorgyar (for Halasz). 7. Ganz Kapcsolok es Keszulekek Gyara (for Kohut).

HALASZ, Aladar, tervgazdasagi foosztaly vezetoje; VESSEY, Tibor, fomernok

Hungarian policy on the variety of trees. Erdo 12 no.6:
241-257 Je '63.

1. Orszagos Erdeszeti Foligazgatosag, Budapest.

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 06/23/11: CIA-RDP86-00513R000617800021-6

HALASZ, Aladar

Development of the wood supply of the national economy. Erdo
13 no.10:469-473 0 '64.

HORANYI, Janos, dr.; SZOTS, Istvan, dr.; HALASY-NAGY, Endre, dr.

Giant cystic pulmonary emphysema in infancy caused by abnormal cartilage. Magy. sebezz. 17 no. 2:116-120 Ap'64.

1. Budapesti Orvostudomanyi Egyetem II. sz. Sebeszeti Klinika
es a Szabadsaghegyi Allami Gyermekasztatorium kozlemenye.

*

HALASY-NAGY, Endre, dr.

Effect of nitrogen mustard on tuberculotic lymph nodes.
Tuberk. kerdesei 9 no.5:235-237 Oct 56.

1. A Debreceni Orvostudomanyi Egytem Tbc.-klinika (ig-:
Pongor, Ferenc, dr.) sebeszeti osztalyanak (vez; Schnitzler, Jozsef,
dr.) kozlemensye.
(TUBERCULOSIS, LYMPH NODE, ther.
nitrogen mustard (Hun))
(NITROGEN MUSTARDS, ther. use
tuberc., lymph node (Hun))

FABIAN, Sandor, dr.; HALASY-NAGY, Endre, dr.

Extraperiosteal plastic plombage. Tuberk. kerdesei 9 no.1:14-16
Feb 56

1. A debreceni Orvostudomanyi Egyetem Tbc Klinikaja (igazgato:
Pongor Ferenc dr.) Sebeszeti osztalyanak (osztalyvezeto:Schnitzler
Jozsef dr.) kozlemenye.

(COLLAPSE THERAPY

extraperiosteal plombage with perlon, technic (Hun))

HUNGARY

LEHOCZKY, Tibor, Dr., SOS, Jozsef, Dr., SELMECI, Laszlo, Dr., and HALASY, Margit, Dr., Stephan Hospital in the Capital (Szekesfovarosi Istvan Korhaz), Department of Neurology (Idegosztaly)(Physician-in-Chief: LEHOCZKY, Tibor), Institute of Pathophysiology (Korelettani Intezet)(Director: SOS, Jozsef), in Budapest.

"Experimental Porphyrim and Its Significance in Human Pathology"

Budapest, Idegyogyaszati Szemle, Vol 19, No 6, Jun 1966, pp 161-168.

Abstract: Experimental porphyrim was induced in white rats with allyl iso-propylacetyl urea (Sedormid; Hoffmann La-Roche) and with griseofulvin (Likuden; Farbwerke Hoechst A. G.). The pathological findings in the experimental animals, especially those evident in the nerve cells, spinal marrow, and cortex of the brain, were described, discussed, and illustrated. It was shown that histological findings are suitable for identifying porphyrim. The neuropathological symptoms encountered were comparable with those in humans. 27 references, including 4 German and 23 Western.

1/1

PSYCHIATRY

HUNGARY

LEHOCZKY, Tibor, Dr, HALASY, Margit, Dr; Istvan Hospital, Neurological Ward (Istvan Korhaz, Ideggyogyaszati Osztaly), Budapest.

"Depression and Biochemistry - Results of Treatment with Nuredal."

Budapest, Orvosi Hetilap, Vol 107, No 18, 1 May 66, pages 819-823.

Abstract: [Authors' Hungarian summary modified] The biochemical properties of MAO inhibitors, the role and importance of serotonin as well as the biochemical and genetic interpretation of depression are discussed in detail. The treatment of 130 non-psychotic patients having mild or moderate neurotic, involutional and arteriosclerotic depression with Nuredal (1-12-benzyl-carbamyl/isonicotinyl hydrazine) resulted in considerable improvement in 62.3 per cent of the cases and the total percentage of improvement was estimated at 77.0. There are no contraindications to the use of the drug in the small doses administered and it can be used advantageously in everyday practice for ambulant patients as well. Because of the possibility of certain incompatibilities, the drug should not be used in combination with drugs belonging to the imipramine group and the patients should be cautioned against eating sharp cheeses and yeast extracts. 1 Hungarian, 61 Western references.

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is known, there are no reports of patients with limbic encephalitis who have had
Giant cell arteritis.

Rare cases of myopathies, myopathy, and/or rhabdomyolysis have been reported.

1. Features of limbic encephalitis in Bulgaria include: tetraparesis, dysarthria,
dysphagia, choreoathetosis, and delusions.

LEHOCZKY, Tibor, dr.; HALASY, Margit, dr.

Treatment of various types of headache with a new spasmolytic
(No.-Spa). Orv. hetil. 105 no.44;2088-2091 1 N '64.

1. Fovarosi Istvan Korhaz, Ideggyogyaszati Osztaly (foorvos.
Lehoczky Tibor dr.).

SOS, J.; LEHOCZKY, T.; HALASY, Margit.

Histopathologic changes of the central nervous system in experimental angiocardiology. Acta morph. acad. sci. Hung. 12 no. 4:371-378 '64

1. Department of Pathophysiology (Director: Prof. J. Sos), University Medical School, Budapest and Department of Neurology (Head: Prof. T. Lehoczky), Municipal Istvan Hospital (Director: J. Katona), Budapest.

LEHOCZKY, Tibor, dr.; HALASY, Margit, dr.; (LEHOCKUNE, Dr.); HARMOS,
Gyoergy, dr.; SIMONIYI, Gyorgy, dr.

Glycogenic myopathy in twins. Ideggyogy szemle 17 no.3:
65-79 Mr'64.

1. A Fovarosi Istvan Korhaz Idegosztalyanak (főorvos:Lehoczky,
Tibor, dr. c. egyetemi tanár) és a Budapesti Egyetem Korelettani
Intézeténél (igazgató: Sos, József, dr., egyetemi tanár) koz-
lemlénye.

*

LEHOCZKY, Tibor, dr.; HALASY, Margit, dr.

"Benign" form of multiple sclerosis. Ideggyógyászati Osztály
no. 7;212-217 Jl '63.

1. Fövarosi Istran kórház Ideggyógyászati Osztály
(MULTIPLE SCLEROSIS)

LEHOCZKY, Tibor, dr.; HALASY, Margit, dr.

Experience with frenolon in neurology. Ideggyogy. szemle 15 no.4:
110-114 Ap '62.

1. Az Istvan-korhaz (Budapest) Idegosztalyanak kozlemenye Foorvos:
prof Lehoczky Tibor dr.

(TRANQUILIZING AGENTS ther)

HALASY, Margit, dr.; LEHOCZKY, Tibor, dr.

New trends in the treatment of depression. Orv.hetil. 102 no.24:
1126-1128 11 Je '61.

1. Budapesti "Istvan" Korhaz, Ideggyogyaszati Osztaly.

(DEPRESSION ther) (PSYCHOPHARMACOLOGY)

HALASY MARGIT

EXCERPTA MEDICA Sec 8 Vol 12/9 Neurology Sept 59

(L.G. 1.15)

4285. VERTIGO EPIDEMICA - Halasy M. Dept. of Neurol., István Hosp., Budapest - THER. HUNG. 1958, 6/1 (21-22)

One case is described, and 18 other cases are mentioned, of epidemic vertigo occurring in Budapest.

HALASY, Margit, dr.; LEHOCZKY, Tibor, dr.

Case of tuberculoma of medulla oblongata cured by isoniazid.
Orv. hetil. 98 no.5-6:121-124 10 Feb 57.

1. A Budapesti Istvan Korhaz Idegosztalyanak (foorvos: Lehoczky, Tibor dr.) kozleménye.

(MEDULLA OBLONGATA, neoplasms
tuberculoma, isoniazid ther., recovery (Hun))
(TUBERCULOMA, ther.

isoniazid in tuberculoma of medulla oblongata,
recovery (Hun))

(ISONIAZID, ther. use
tuberculoma of medulla oblongata, recovery (Hun))

LHOCZKY, T.; HALASY, M.

Brain tumor and cerebral arteriosclerosis. (In English) Acta med.
hung. 5 no.3-4:215-230 1954.

1. Department of Neurology, Istvan Hospital, Budapest (Received:
April 18, 1953)
(BRAIN, neoplasms
differ. diag. from arteriosclerosis)
(ARTERIOSCLEROSIS,
cerebral, differ. diag. from tumor)

POLAND / Laboratory Equipment. Instrumentation.

F

abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Khimiya, No 1, 1959, 1113.

Author : Halasowski, T.

Inst : Not given.

Title : The Need For Controlling the Temperature In a
Dessicator.

Orig Pub: Przegl. zboz. — mlynarski, 1958, 2, No 6, 174-175.

Abstract: It was found that an increase in the temperature within a dessicator as compared to the temperature of a balance leads to an apparent loss in weight of the crucibles in the dessicator by 0.17 milligrams/degree. To eliminate this error it is recommended that the temperature of the dessicator be checked by a thermometer which is placed inside the dessicator on a special mounting, and that not more than six crucibles be placed at one time inside the dessicator for cooling. -- B. Kaplan.

Card 1/1

HALASOWSKI, T.

POLAND/Chemical Technology - Chemical Products and Their
Applications - Food Industry.

H.

Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Khimiya, No 11, 1958, 37836
Author : Halasowski, T.
Inst :
Title : Problems of Industrial Control in Flour Milling Industry
Orig Pub : Przegl. Zboz. Mlynarski, 1957, 1, № 6, 24-26.

Abstract : A critical survey of specifications and methods of industrial controls in the flour milling industry (determination of: metallic impurities, mineral impurities, intergrown grains), is presented. Also stated are related organizational and technical problems.

Card 1/1

34

HALASOWSKI, T.

HALASOWSKI, T. Improvement of work in flour mill laboratories. n. 28.
Vol. 7, no. 10, Oct. 1956. WILGA, ZAKŁAD, Warszawa, Poland.

SOURCE: Fast European Acquisitions List (FEAL) Vol. 6, No. 4--April 1957

HALASKOVA, Vera, dr. (Praha 2, Vinicna 7)

On the genus Prozercon Sellnick, 1943. Cas entom 60
no.1/2:145-169 '63.

1. Zoological Institute, Charles University, Praha.

FELIX, Jiri; HALASKA, V.

Use of the method of result areas in optimum production experiments. Chem prum 14 no.1:33-37 Ja'64.

1. Vyzkumny ustav technickoekonomicky chemickeho prumyslu, Praha (for Felix).
2. Spolana, n.p., Neratovice (for Halaska).

HALASI, Zoltan; GENCSI, Pal. Comernak

Innovation plan of the Power Plant Investment Enterprise for the
year 1965. Ipari energia 6 no.3;71-72 Mr '65.

1. Power Plant Investment Enterprise, Budapest. 2. Director,
Power Plant Investment Enterprise, Budapest (for Halasi).

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HALAD), Zoltan; CSOMI, Bal, formerik

The 1964 innovation plan of the Power Plant Investment Enterprise, Ipari energia & mechatronika Ltd.

- 1. Power Plant Investment Enterprise, Budapest.
- 2. Director, Power Plant Investment Enterprise, Budapest (for Halad).